

WHAT THE EDITOR SAYS

Public Ledger

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY, BY
THE PUBLIC LEDGER CO.

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IN HOC SIGNO VINCES.

A Word to Republicans.

The hope of the party line in the campaign of a distant Republican press. The Republican who reads or otherwise fails to support a Democratic paper to the exclusion of one of his own party newspapers is untrue to the Republican cause.

Continuously subscribed to by the National Republican League.

J. A. CLARKSON, President.
A. B. HUMPHREY, Secretary.

The Indian bill, which has recently become a law, carries the gross sum of \$2,313,225 for Indian education for the year ending June 30th, 1892.

The PICTURES ECONOMY amount appropriated for the same purpose by the last Congress was \$2,291,250. The amount asked for by the Commissioner this year was \$2,917,000, or \$625,750 more than the sum appropriated. This large cut in the estimates submitted by the Indian Office for educational purposes, amounting to more than half of a million dollars, is a very severe blow to the cause of Indian education.

In the first place, it renders it impossible to complete the establishment of the several training schools according to the plans of the Indian Office. It was intended to substantially complete at least three of the largest, and to have the others well advanced.

It might enter at once upon the largest and most efficient service which they are capable of rendering. The Indian bill not only failed to make suitable provision for their completion, but it carries restrictions such a nature as in some cases, to very seriously hinder the usefulness of these schools.

In the next place the Indian Office asked for \$250,000 for the erection, enlargement and repair of school buildings on Indian reservations. During the last three years a large amount of work has been done to render the Indian schools on the reservation decent and comfortable, and some new schools have been built. The sum absolutely needed to carry on the work successfully during the coming year was stated by the Commissioner in his communication to Congress to be over \$300,000, and it is safe to say that this entire amount could have been very profitably expended in the improvement and enlargement of the Indian school system. The amount allowed for this purpose, however, is only \$100,000, or less than a third of what was stated to be absolutely necessary. This will, of necessity, prevent the establishment of new schools where they are greatly needed, and the enlargement and improvement of others where the facilities are very unfavorable. The serious nature of this hindrance will be appreciated when it is stated that there are among the Navajo Indians alone probably 3,000 children of school age for whom no educational advantages whatever have been provided.

The general fund for which the Indian Office originally asked, \$1,300,000, was placed at \$1,075,000, or \$225,000 less than what was earnestly requested. This cut checks at once the rapid and healthy expansion of the school system, and confines the order to the carrying on of the schools substantially as they were at the close of the last fiscal year. Little or no advance can be made during the coming twelve months.

A detailed statement of the needs in

this direction was made by the Indian Office, showing the enlargement of the capacity of schools already existing, the new schools that have been established, those that ought to be enlarged, and places where new schools should be built, and on this careful figuring it was estimated that not less than \$315,000 increase of the general fund should be granted. By refusing to do this Congress has made it impossible for the Indian Office to extend the work of education, and thus has checked for the time the plans which were being so successfully carried into execution.

Every friend of Indian education, who realizes that the future of this interesting people depends so largely upon the proper industrial training of their children, will regret what seems to be the misguided policy of Congress in refusing to appropriate necessary funds for the enlargement and carrying out of the work which is being so successfully prosecuted.

Various reasons were assigned for the refusal of Congress to grant the request of the Indian Office for educational purposes, but the real, and indeed it may be said the only reason why the request was not granted, was the desire on the part of the House of Representatives to make a record for economy. Indeed, it was openly stated by influential members that it will be necessary to cut Indian education to the quick now for political reasons, but that after the election the next Congress would doubtless be willing to vote whatever sums of money might be necessary for this work. We cannot believe that the people of the United States, who are so tired of the Indian question as heretofore managed, and who are so thoroughly united in the opinion that the only solution that is possible for it lies in the direction of education, will look with favor upon any political party which deliberately checks this work and hinders its progress for no other reason than to make a false appearance of economy.

We should not wonder if this is the same mill of which it has been said that the ground it stands on, which a couple of years ago produced a ton of hay to the acre, now can produce a ton of yam to the square foot yearly.

At Woonsocket is a yarnmill brought out from Belgium by the McKinley Tariff. Over there the establishment supplied yarn to American manufacturers; but when the duty was put up, it was obliged to move to this country of free trade. It accordingly came. Query: How much per annum do you suppose that yarnmill is worth to the people of Woonsocket?

"Talk about foreign markets," exclaimed the president of one of the largest manufacturers of silver-plated ware in this country. "I would rather have the state of New York for a market for our goods than the whole of the continent of Europe. We are Protectionists, not so much on account of benefits derived by our business directly from the tariff, but because we appreciate the superior purchasing power of the American people over that of Europe, and we know that that superiority is due primarily to Protection. We want American workers to receive high wages so that they can afford to buy our goods."

THE MEMBERS of the great Free-trade Congress, immediately before and after their election, boasted high and loud of the wonders they were about to accomplish in the way of extricating the McKinley Tariff trade. They have contented themselves with five feeble little attempts to pick a twig from its proud branches. They put through the House a Free Wool bill, a Free Cotton Tie, Cotton Bagging and Blinding Twine bill, a Free-Silver Ore bill, and a bill reducing to \$100 the amount of personal effects a person can bring into the United States without paying duty on them, and then went home. And the McKinley Tariff rustled its luxuriant green leaves in suppressed laughter as the Free-trade mob dispersed.

EVERY merchant and every citizen should combine to make the fair a success.

S. B. OLDHAM is out again after being laid up for about a week with a sprained ankle.

NICKAR Georgetown Miss Cynthia Thompson was thrown from a buggy and seriously injured.

The dwelling of James F. Taylor, a Greenup county farmer, was destroyed by fire. Loss \$25,000.

Damage suits growing out of the Licking Bridge disaster continue to be filed at Newport and Covington.

BEN K. DAVIS of Owen county recently sold in the Cincinnati market two hog-heads of tobacco at 40 cents.

For Fair Visitors.

Hechinger & Co. are making special preparations to receive visitors to the fair next week. Read what they have to say in another place. It will be worth your while.

THE OLIVER SPRINGS BATTLE.

Miners capture the Knoxville Militia—Knoxville Burned and the Cavalry shipped to Clinton—All State Troops Ordered Out.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 18.—Another battle was fought Wednesday, and thirty-three hundred armed miners are actually besieging the little garrison at Coal Creek, determined to starve them out or force the surrender and release of the convicts. Gen. Anderson and his two hundred men are covered to from the rear and front, and his water supply is cut off, and the end must come soon. Five hundred men, a posse summoned by Sheriff Holloway, ordered by the governor, are on the march to reinforce Anderson, but it is impossible to check the huddlers' progress, whose forces will soon swell to 6,000.

About 150 miners, those who were recruited Tuesday by the little band of twenty guards, waited all night for the soldiers to come into the valley. The special train with the Knoxville company on board, about fifty strong, was captured Wednesday morning. They did take it after a fierce battle. One thousand shots were fired in half an hour. Two guards and four miners were wounded, one of whom is dying.

If aid does not reach Gen. Anderson soon he will have to surrender or starve. The stockades, burned, the convicts released, and the free miners will have whipped out the state, and succeeded in driving convict labor from the valley, and the latter will be forever ended in Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 18.—Gov. Buchanan has just ordered out all the troops in the state, nearly one thousand infantry, and two artillery batteries. He has also ordered the sheriffs of Davidson, Shelby, Knox and Hamilton counties to surround one thousand men in each county. The counties of Marion, Anderson, Morgan and Boone are to furnish five hundred men each. The posse are to go on special trains. Twelve hundred men of the posse, with company F and battery A, left Nashville Wednesday night.

A late telegram says that Maj. Chandler, with the Knoxville soldiers, started to Coal Creek, but were driven back by the miners. The soldiers were run for six miles, a cross fire being kept up all the time, and one miner was wounded. The whole state is excited, and eight thousand soldiers and deputies will arrive at the mines by Thursday noon. Nothing can be heard from the garrison at Coal Creek, and it is expected a desperate battle is about to occur.

OHIO PEOPLE'S PARTY.

Meet at Hamilton, Nominate a Full Ticket and Adopt a Platform.

MARSHVILLE, O., Aug. 18.—The people's party convention was called to order at 10:15 Wednesday morning. Committee on credentials reported 23 delegates present. Hugh Cavanaugh, of Cincinnati, was elected permanent chairman, and Charles Martin permanent secretary.

The following ticket was placed in nomination, all nominations being by acclamation:

For Secretary of State—Solon C. Thayer, of Stark.

For Judges of the Supreme Court—E. D. Stuck, of Cayahoga; R. J. Payne, of Marietta.

For Clerk of the Supreme Court—W. R. Volter, of Hamilton.

For Member of the Board of Public Works—James Houser, of Summit.

For Presidential Electors—John Setz, of Seneca, and A. J. Campbell, of Delaware.

A platform was adopted. It indorses the national platform and the nominees for president and vice president; favors the nationalization of the liquor traffic; believing in the doctrine of equal rights to all, and that right of suffrage should depend upon qualification; denounces a constitutional amendment providing for the "initiative" and "referendum" in all legislative bodies; opposes convict labor; demands reduced railroad fares; the abolishment of capital punishment, and reduction of all fees and salaries of public officers.

The Heavy Gold Shipments.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 18.—Treasury officials while apparently unconcerned over the recent gold shipments are generally observing an unusual reticence in the matter. Acting Treasurer Welch takes a very philosophical view of the situation and says he sees no occasion for any excitement because the assistant treasurer at New York paid out \$1,000,000 in gold for exchange for treasury notes. He says that there is nothing unusual in the transaction beyond the fact that gold shipments seem to have continued a little later this year than heretofore. It was anticipated by another official that the department had by no means exhausted its resources for discouragement of anything like a systematic attempt to deplete our gold reserve in the interest of foreign speculators.

A Cowardly Shot.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Aug. 18.—Green Farley was shot and killed at his home near Logan Courthouse while walking around in the yard. The fatal shot came from a man who was hiding in the woods near by. Shortly after the shooting "Coco" Conally was seen leaving the place, and being suspected as the assassin of Farley, was arrested and lodged in jail.

A Vessel Six Weeks Overdue.

SYDNEY, Aug. 18.—The four-masted ship Ashbanta, from the Cape of Good Hope for Newcastle, Australia, is supposed to have gone down with all on board. She is six weeks overdue, and since she left the cape nothing has been heard of her. She carried a crew of thirty-two men. Her owners are Wells & Co., Glasgow.

Died, August 18th.

KOKOMO, Ind., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Fatty Sears, the oldest inhabitant of Indiana, died Wednesday morning, at the house of her daughter, Mrs. John Wells. She was 108 years of age, born in Culpepper county, Va., in 1784. Here was a family noted for longevity.



Choice of STRAW HATS

With \$5 Purchase.

DESIRABLE HOME For Sale!

The residence of the late Judge R. H. Stanton in the Fifth Ward, Nashville, has been purchased by the family of C. L. Stanton. The house is a two-story brick dwelling of eleven large and well-ventilated rooms, on the bank of the Ohio river, with a terrace on second street, and is one of the most desirable and comfortable homes in the city. There are also on the place six acres of fruit, flowers, garden, and shade-trees. For terms and further particulars apply to G. S. JUDG, Agent.

LEXINGTON, KY.,

Aug. 30, 31, Sept. 1, 2, 3

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TWO RACES EACH DAY!

FREE! LADIES AND CHILDREN ADMITTED FREE THE FIRST DAY.

Special Trains on All Railroads at Excursion Rates.

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C. B. PEACHE, Cashier, W. H. COLE, President, J. W. FLEMING, Vice-President.

Notice of Incorporation of Maysville Sanitarium Company.

1. Notice is hereby given that John T. Fleming, J. C. Pease, T. H. Smith, John W. Hall, H. Hechinger, John C. Owens, J. A. Reed, Thos. L. Martin, W. H. Cole and J. W. Farley have formed a corporation named Maysville Sanitarium Company, according to the provisions of Chapter 36, General Statutes of the State of Kentucky.

The principal place of business is Maysville, Mason County, Kentucky.

The stated annual meeting of the stockholders and who shall hold office for one year and until their successors are elected and qualified.

The Directors shall be from their number and a President and Vice-President shall be chosen from their number or a stockholder, a Secretary and Treasurer.

The highest amount of indebtedness on liability to which the corporation is to subject itself is two thousand dollars.

A private party or parties who are not stockholders are to be exempt from this corporation.

Witness my hand and seal this 18th day of August, 1891.

Attest: THOS. L. MARTIN, Sec. and Treas.

COCHRAN & SON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, COURT STREET, MAYSVILLE, KY.

W. H. COCHRAN, J. W. FLEMING, T. H. N. SMITH, DENTIST.

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Painless Extraction of Teeth.

For perfecting your teeth and gums in order to keep them in the best condition known to the world, visit Second street.

C. W. WARDLE, DENTIST

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Presidential Campaign of 1892!

GRAND INDUCEMENTS TO READERS OF THE PUBLIC LEDGER.

The Presidential Campaign of 1892 will, without doubt, be the most intensely interesting and exciting in the history of the United States, and country people will be extremely anxious to have all the GENERAL and POLITICAL NEWS and discussions of the day as presented in a National Journal, in addition to that supplied by their own local paper.

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Big Cuts in Summer Goods

TO CLEAR THEM OUT.

All our 20 cent Canton Crepes and Challis at 15 cents, 15 cent Pongees and Bedford Cords at 10 cents, 8 and 10 cent Challis at 5 cents. Check Nainsook at 5 cents. Plain India Linen at 35, worth 125. \$5 Fancy Parasols reduced to \$3 50; \$3 50 reduced to \$2 50; \$2 50 reduced to \$1 75.

JUST RECEIVED a new line of all wool filling Challis. Elegant styles at 20 cents—have been sold all season at 25 cents. Remember all our black Hosiery for Gentlemen, Ladies and Children from 25 cents up is guaranteed fast and stainless.

BROWNING & CO.,

No. 51 WEST SECOND STREET.

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